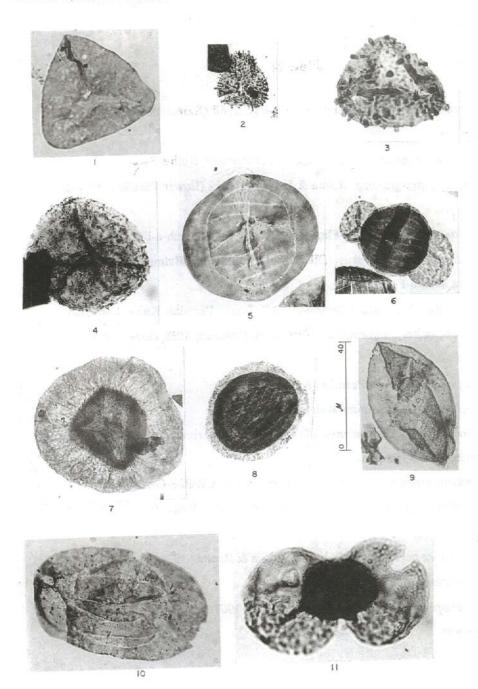
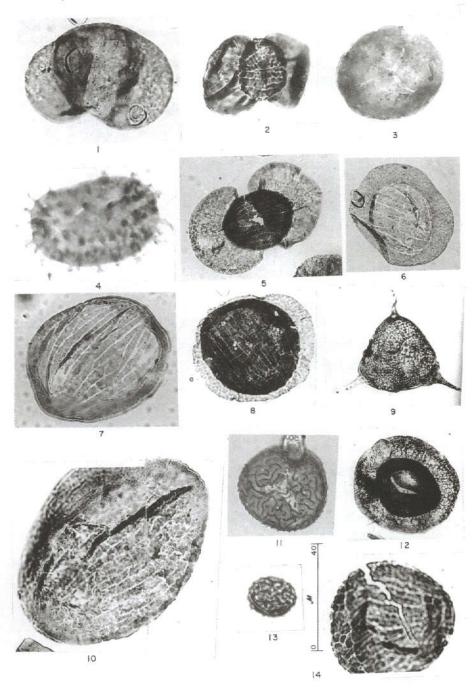
#### Plate 17

- Fig.1 Leiotriletes sp. (Lower Permian, Kuh-e-Faraghan).
- Figs. 2&3 Horriditriletes ramosus (Balme & Hennelly) Bharadwaj & Salujha, 1964 (Lower Permian, Kuh-e-Faraghan).
- Fig.4 Kraeuselisporites splendens (Balme & Hennelly) Segroves, 1970 (lower Permian, Kuh-e-Faraghan).
- Fig.5 Kosankeisporites elegans (Kosanke) Bharadwaj 1962 (Lower Permian, Kuh-e- Faraghan).
- Fig.6 Hamiapollenites tractiferinus (Samoilovich) Hart, 1964 (Lower Permian, Kuh -e- Faraghan).
- Fig.7 Nuskoisporites triangularis Potonie & Lele 1959 (Lower Permian, Kuh -e-Faraghan).
- Fig.8 Mabuitasaccites ovatus Bose & Kar, 1966 (Lower Permian, Kuh-e-Faraghan.
- Fig.9 Leiosphaeridia sp. (Devonian, Kuh-e-Ozom).
- Fig.10 Protohaploxypinus diagonalis Balme, 1970 (Lower Permian, Kuh -e-Faraghan).
- Fig.11 Platysaccus densus Kar, 1967 (Lower Permian, Kuh-e-Faraghan).



#### Plate 18

- Fig.1 Pityosporites giganteus Balme & Hennelly, 1965 (Lower Permian, Kuh -e-Faraghan).
- Fig.2 Rhizomaspora radiata Wilson, 1962 (Lower Permian, Kuh-e-Faraghan).
- Fig.3 Punctatisporites gretensis Balme & Hennelly, 1956 (Lower Permian, Kuh -e-Faraghan).
- Fig.4 Somphophragma miscellum Playford, 1981 (Devonian, Kuh-e-Faraghan).
- Fig.5 Striatopodocarpites rarus (Bharadwaj & Salujha) Balme, 1970 (Lower Permian, Kuh-e-Faraghan).
- Fig.6 Striomonosaccites ovatus Bharadwaj, 1962 (Lower Permian, Kuh-e-Faraghan)
- Fig.7 Schizaeisporites microrugosus Tschudy & Kosanke, 1966 (Lower Permian, Kuh-e-Faraghan).
- Fig.8 Schizopollis sp. (Lower Permian, Kuh-e-Faraghan)
- Fig.9 Tyligmasoma sp. (Devonian, Kuh-e-Faraghan).
- Fig.10 Tiwariasporis gondwanensis (Tiwari) Maheshwari & Kar, 1967 (Lower Permian, Kuh-e-Faraghan).
- Fig.11 Rugulatisporites iranica nov. sp. (Upper Devonian, Kuh-e-Ozom).
- Fig.12 Potonieisporites neglectus Potonie & Lele, 1965 (Lower Permian, Kuh -e-Faraghan).
- Fig.13 Thymospora perverrucosa (Alpern) Wilson & Bentall, 1944 (Lower Permian, Kuh-e-Faraghan).
- Fig.14 Tiwariasporis flavatus Maheshwari & Kar, 1967 (Lower Permian, Kuh -e-Faraghan).



# Alphabetical arrangement and worldwide records of the encountered Acritarch taxa Group Acritarcha Evitt, 1963

Genus: Acanthodiacrodium (Timofeev, 1958),
Deflandre, Evitt & Deflandre-Rigaud, 1962

### Acanthodiacrodium bicoronatum Welsch, 1986

### Plate 1, Fig. 1

Remarks: This species is restricted to the Lashkarak formation of the Hassanakdar area. It is close comparable with those recorded from Ilebeck formation at Zard-Kuh area (Ghavidel-syooki 1990), and Upper Cambrian-Tremadocian sediments of Norway (Welsch, 1986).

### Acanthodiacrodium seratimum Timofeev, 1959

### Plate 1, Fig. 2

Remarks: This species appears in the Lashkarak formation, it is comparable to those which has recorded from Tremadocian sediments of Algerian Sahara (Combaz, 1967), and Ilebeck and Zard-Kuh formations of Zagros Basin (Ghavidel-syooki, 1990)

# Acanthodiacrodium spinum Rasul, 1976

### Palte 1, Fig. 3

Remarks: The species occurs in the Lashkarak formation. So far it has been recorded from Tremadocian sediments of England (Rasul,1976,1979) upper Cambrian-Tremadocian of Norway (Welsch, 1986), Tremadocain of Russia (Loeblich and Tappan, 1978) and Ordovician sediments of Zagros basin (Ghavidel-syooki, 1990).

# Acanthodiacrodium tadlense Cramer & Diez, 1977 Plate 1, Fig. 4

Remarks: This species exists in the Lashkarak foramtion. It has been recorded from Arenigian sediments of Cis-Saharan of Morocco (Cramer & Diez, 1977) and Ordovician sediments of Zagros Basin (Ghavidel-syooki, 1990).

# Acanthodiacrodium vavrdovae Cramer & Diez, 1977 Plate 1, Fig. 5

Remarks: The species appears in the Lashkarak formation. so far, it has been recorded from Cis-Saharan in Morocco (Cramer & Diez, 1977), Ordovician sediments of Zagros Basin (Ghavidel - syooki 1990).

# Acanthodiacrodium zonaconstrictum Welsch, 1986 plate 1, Fig. 6

Remarks: This species is common in the Lashkarak formation. So far, it has been recorded from Upper Cambrian-Tremadocian of Norway (Welsch, 1987).

# Genus Arbusculidium Deunff, 1986 Arbusculidium filamentosum (Vavrdova) Vavrdova 1972 Plate 2, Fig. 9

Remarks: This species appears in the Laskharak formation of Hassanakdar area. So far, it has been recorded from Arenigian shales of Bohemia (Vavrdova, 1965, 1972), Upper Llanvirnian sediments of Germany (Burmann, 1968), Lower Llanvirnian sediments of Tadla basin in Morocco (Cramer & Diez, 1974), Llanvirnian of Tunisia (Cramer & Diez, 1974), Arenigian strata of France (Rauscher, 1974), Arenigian-Llanvirnian of Newfoundland (Martin, 1978), Arenigian of China (Xing, 1980; Li, Jun, 1987) and Lower Ordovician strata of Zagros Basin (Ghavidel-syooki, 1990).

## Arbusculidium rammelaerei Martin, 1981

#### Plate 2, Fig. 10

Remarks: The species is similar to those have been recorded by Martin (1981) it is very rare in the Lashkarak formation. So far, it has been recorded from Early Tremadocian of Germany (Reitz,1991).

# Genus Athabascaella Martin, 1984 Athabascaella rossii Martin, 1984

### Plate 3, Fig. 2

Remarks: This species is well-preserved but rare in the Lashkarak formation, and it is quite similar to those have been recorded from Early Ordovician strata of the United States and Canada (Martin, 1984).

# Athabascaella penika (Martin) Martin & Leiming, 1988

### Plate 3, Figs. 3

Remarks: This acritarch taxon is rare in the Lashkarak formation and it is quite similar to those have been recorded from Early Ordovician of southern and eastern China (Martin & Leiming, 1988).

# Genus Chomotriletes Naumova, 1953 Chomotriletes bistchoense Staplin, 1961

### Plate 4, Fig. 7

Remarks: This species is found in the members of "a" and "b" of the Padeha formation at Kuh-e-Ozom. So far, this species has been recorded from the Frasnian deposits of Canada (Staplin, 1961), Upper Frasinain of Iowa in the U.S.A (Playford & Wicander, 1985), Frasnian part of Faraghan formation (Ghavidel- syooki, 1988), Upper Devonian sediments of Khoshyeilagh and Hassanakdar areas (Ghavidel-syooki, 1992).

## Chomotriletes vedugensis Naumova, 1953

#### Plate 4, Figs. 8-9

Remarks: This species is confined to the members of "a" and "c" of the Padeha formation at Kuh-e-Ozom. So far, it has been recorded from Frasnian of western Australia (Balme, 1962; Playford & Dring, 1981; Playford, 1981), Frasnian of Saudi Arabia (Hemer & Nygreen, 1967) and Frasnian of Faraghan formation (Ghavidel-syooki 1988).

# Genus Coryphidium Vavrdova, 1972 Coryphidium elegans Cramer & Diez, 1974

### Plate 4, figs. 11-12

Remarks: This species appears in the upper part of the Lashkarak formation and it is similar to those have been recorded from Upper Arenigian of Tadla Basin in Morocco (Cramer & Diez, 1974). Likewise, this species has been recorded from the Ordovician sediments of Zagros Basin (Ghavidel-syooki, 1980, 1990).

# Genus Cymatiogalea (Deunff, 1961) Deunff, Gorka & Rauscher, 1974 Cymatiogalea cristata (Downie) Rasul, 1974

### Plate 5, fig. 3

Remarks: This species is confined to the Lashkarak formation and is common in this rock unit. So far, it has been recorded from Tremadocian of England, (Deunff, Gorka & Rauscher, 1974; Rasul, 1974), Early Tremadocian of Germany (Reitz, 1991). Tremadocian of Zagros basin (Ghavidel-syooki, 1990)

# Cymatiogalca cylindrata Rasul, 1974

### Plate 5, Fig. 4

Remarks: The species occurs in the Lashkarak formation. So far it has been recorded from Tremadocian of England (Rasul, 1974), Early Tremadocian of Germany (Reitz, 1991), and Tremadocian of Zagros Basin (Ghavidel-syooki, 1990).

### Cymatiogalea diversita Deunff, 1961

#### Plate 5, Fig. 5

Remarks: this species is confined to the Lashkarak formation. So far, it has been recorded from Tremadocian sediments of England (Rasul, 1974).

### Cymatiogalea membranispina Deunff, 1961

### Plate 5, Fig. 6

Remarks: This taxon is restricted to the Lashkarak formation. So far, it has been recorded from Tremadocian of Algeria (Deunff, Gorka & Rauscher, 1974).

# Genus Cymatiosphaera (Wetzel, 1933) Deflandre, 1954 Cymatiosphaera hermosa Cramer & Diez, 1976

#### Plate 5, Fig. 9

Remarks: This species appears in the Geirud formation. It is rare and associated with Chomotriletes vedugensis. This species has been also recorded from Emsian sediments in Spain (Cramer & Diez, 1976).

### Cymatiosphaera perimembrana Staplin, 1961

### Plate 5, Fig. 11

Remarks: This species occurs in the Geirud formation. So far, it has been recorded from Late Devonian of North America (Staplin, 1961), Middle Devonian of Paraguay (Poth de Baldis, 1974), Upper Devonian of Indiana (Wicander & Loeblich, 1977), Latest Devonian-Earliest Carboniferous of Iran (Coquel et al., 1977), Givetian-Frasnian of Canada (Wicander, 1983), Frasnian of western Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981), Frasnian of the United States (Wicander & Playford, 1985), and Middle-Upper Devonian in Zagros Basin (Ghavidel-syooki, 1988).

# Cymatiosphaera platoloma Wicander Loeblich Jr., 1977 Plate 5, Fig. 12

Remarks: This species occurs in the Devonian strata of Khoshyeilagh area. So far, it has been known from Frasnian-Famennian of Indiana in the U.S.A (Wicander & Loeblich, 1976).

# Cymatiosphaera craticula Wicander & Loeblich, 1977 Plate 5, Fig. 8

Remarks: This species occurs in the Padeha formation. So far, it has been recorded from Upper Frasnian-Lower Famennian of Indiana in the U.S.A (Wicander & Loeblich, 1977), Frasnian deposits of Iowa in the U.S.A (Wicander & Playford, 1985).

### Cymatiosphaera spicigera Playford, 1981

### Plate 5, Fig. 13

Remarks: This species is found in both Padeha formation and Khoshyeilagh formation. So far, it has been recorded from Frasnian deposits of western Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981).

## Cymatiosphaera subtrita Playford, 1981

### Plate 5, Fig. 14

Remarks: This species occurs in both Padeha formation and Khoshyeilagh formation. So far, it has been known from Frasnian deposits of western Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981).

# Genus Crassiangulina Jardine et al., 1972 Crassiangulina tessellita Jardine et al., 1972

### Plate 4, Fig. 13

Remarks: This species is found in the upper Devonian of Khoshyeilagh area. So far it has been recorded from Upper Devonian of Algerian Sahara (Jardine et al.,1972,1974; Moreau-Benoit et al.,1993).

# Genus Dactylofusa (Brito & Santos, 1965) Cramer, 1970 Dactylofusa squama (Deunff, 1961) Combaz, 1967

### Plate 6, Fig. 7

Remarks: This morphotype sepcies is confined to the Lashkarak formation. So far, it has been recorded from Tremadocian of Algerian Sahara (Combaz, 1967) and Tremadocian-Arenigian of Zagros Basin Ghavidel-syooki 1980).

# Genus Dasydiacrodium (Timofeev) Deflandre-Reigel, 1962 Dasydiacrodium polarum Jardine et al., 1974 Plate 6, Fig. 4

Remarks: This species appears in the Lashkarak formation. So far, it has been recorded from Tremadocian of Algerian Sahara (Combaz, 1967).

### Genus Deltotosoma Playford, 1981 Deltotosoma intonsum Playford, 1981

### Plate 6, Figs. 5-6

Remarks: This taxon is confined to the Geirud formation. It is rare to very rare. So far, it has been recorded from Frasnian of western Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981), Frasnian part of Faraghan formation (Ghavidel-syooki, 1988), Khoshyeilagh and Padeha formations (Ghavidel-syooki, 1991), Upper Devonian sediments of Kerman (Ghavidel-syooki, 1990), and Upper Devonian sediments of Kuh-e-Ozom (Ghavidel-syooki, 1991).

# Geuns Dictyotidium (Eisenack) Staplin, 1961 Dictyotidium granulatum Playford, 1981

Plate 6, Figs. 12-13

Remarks: This morphotype appears in the Geirud formation. So far, it has recorded

from Frasnian strata of western Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981), Frasnian of southeastern-northern Iran (Ghavidel-syooki, 1988, 1991).

### Dictyotidium prolatum Playford, 1981

#### Plate 6, Fig. 14

Remarks: The species is confined to the Geirud formation. So far, it has been recorded from the Frasnian sediments of western Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981).

# Dictyotidium confragum Playford, 1981

#### Plate 6, Fig. 11

Remarks: This species is found in the Padeha formation of Kuh-e-Ozom. So far, it has been recorded from Frasnian deposits of western Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981).

# Genus *Diexallophasis* Loeblich, 1970 *Diexallophasis remota* (Deunff) Playford, 1977

### Plate 7, Fig. 2

Remarks: This species is found in both Padeha and Khoshyeilagh formations, 1961),
Late Emsian-Givetian of Canada (Playford, 1977), Frasnian of western
Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981) and Upper Devonian of southeasten &
northern Iran (Ghavidel-syooki, 1988, 1991).

# Diexiallophasis simplex Wicander & Wood, 1981

### Plate 7, Fig. 3

Remarks: this species is found in the member "b" of the Padeha formation of Kuh-e-Ozom. The speceis differes from Diexallophasis remota in having psilate, spherical vesicle which its eight processes have freely connection to the central body. The processes are long with small ornamentation.

# Genus Duvernaysphaera (Staplin) Deunff, 1964 Duvernaysphaera tenuicingulata Staplin, 1961

### Plate 7, Figs. 4-6

Remarks: This species is only found in the Padeha formation of Kuh-e-Ozom. So far, it has been recorded from Frasnian deposits of Canada (Staplin, 1961), Late Emsian-Givetian of Ontario (Playford, 1977), and Frasnian of western Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981), Devonian rock units of Khoshyeilagh area (Ghavidel-syooki, 1991), and the Geirud formation of Hassanakdar area (Ghavidel-syooki, 1991).

# Duvernaysphaera tessella Deunff, 1964

### Plate 7, Figs. 7-8

Remarks: This species appears and disappears in the Padeha formation of Kuh-e-Ozom. So far, it has been recorded from Devonian of Tunisia (Deunff, 1964, 1966), Lower-Middle Devonian of Brazil (Brito, 1967,1976), Middle Devonian and Frasnian of Ghana (Bar & Riegel, 1974), Givetian-Frasnian of Tennessee (Reaugh, 1978), Frasnian of western Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981), Frasnian of Faraghan formation (Ghavidel-syooki, 1988), The Geirud formation of Hssanakdar area (Ghavidel-syooki, 1992), and Devonian rock units of the Khoshyeilagh area (Ghavidel-syooki, 1991).

# Genus Evittia Brito, 1967 Evittia geometrica Playford, 1981

### Plate 16, Fig. 7

Occurrence: This species is rare, and confined to upper portion of the Devonian part of the Faraghan formation.

# Genus *Gneudnaella* Playford, 1981 *Gneudnaella psilata* Playford, 1981

### Plate 8, Fig. 6

Remarks: This species is found in the Padeha formation of Kuh-e-Ozom and it is restricted to member "c". So far, it has known from Frasnian deposits of western Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981).

# Genus Goniosphaeridium (Eisenack) Martin, 1972 Goniosphaeridium dentatum (Timofeev, 1959) Cocchio, 1982 Plate 8, Fig. 9

Remarks: This species is found in the Lashkarak formationis and is very rare. So far, it has been recorded from Tremadocian of Russia (Timofeev, 1959), Tremadocian of England (Rasul & Downie, 1974; Downie & Tappan, 1978), and Tremadocian of U.S.A (Deunff & Massa, 1975).

# Goniosphaeridium sufflatum Welsch, 1986

### Plate 8, Fig. 5

Remarks: This species exists in the Lashkarak formation. So far, it has been reported from Tremadocian of Norway (Welsch, 1986).

# Goniosphaeridium tener (Timofeev) Elouad-Debbaj, 1988 Piate 8, Fig. 8

Remarks: The species is confined to the Lashkarak formation. So far, it as been recorded from Early Tremadocian of Germany (Reitz, 1991).

# Genus Gorgonisphaeridium Staplin, Jansonius & Pocock, 1965 Gorgonisphaeridium carnarvonense Playford, 1981

### Plate 8, Fig. 10

Remarks: This species is found in the Geirud formation. So far, it has been recorded from Early Frasnian of western Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981), Upper Devonian sediments of Kuh-e-Ozom (Ghavidel-syooki 1992).

### Gorgonisphaeridium condensum Playford, 1981

#### Plate 8, Figs. 11-12

Remarks: This species is found in the Geirud formation. So far, it has been recorded from Frasnian of western Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981), and Lower Carboniferous of China (Lionda, 1985).

### Gorgonisphaeridium discissum Playford, 1981

### Plate 8, figs. 13-14

Remarks: The species is confined to the Geirud formation. So far, it has been recorded from Frasnian sediments of western Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981) and Upper Devonian sediments of southeastern and northern Iran (Ghavidel-syooki, 1988, 1991, 1992).

# Gorgonisphaeridium ohioense (Winslow) Wicander, 1974 Plate 8, Fig. 15

Remarks: This species is found in the Padeha and Khoshyeilagh formations of Kuh-e-Ozom. So far, it has recorded from Upper Devonian of the U.S.A. (Wicander 1974) and Upper Devonian-Lower Mississipian strata of the U.S.A. (Wicander, 1974).

### Genus Lophosphaeridium (Timofeev) Downie, 1963 Lophosphaeridium deminutum Playford, 1981

### Plate 10, Fig. 3

Remarks: This species occurs in the Padeha formation and continues to the base of Khoshyeilagh formation. So far, this species has been recorded from Frasnian strata of western Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981).

## Genus *Leiosphaereidia* Eisenack, 1958 *Leiosphaeridia* sp.

### Plate 17, Fig. 9

Description: Vesicle circular, 110µm in diameter, thick, psilate wall; excystment

structure is median split and observable in most specimens. Encountered specimens in this study are similar to those reported from Middle Devonian of Boyle Dolomite of Kentuky, U.S.A. (Wood and Clendening, 1985). This species is found in all studied sections.

# Genus Lophosphaeridium (Timofeev) ex. Downie, 1963 Lophosphaeridium segregum Playford, 1981

### Plate 10, Fig. 4

Occurrence: This species is abundant throughout The Devonian parts of the Faraghan formation.

Age: The Frasnian of western Australia (Playford and Dring, 1981) and the Frasnian of Iowa, U.S.A., (Wicander and Playford, 1985).

# Genus Melikeriopalla Tappan & Loeblich, 1971 Melikeriopalla venulosa Playford, 1981

### Plate 10, Fig. 6

Occurrence: This species is rare and confined to the upper portion of the Devonian part of Kuh-e-Faraghan and Hassanakdar areas.

Age: The Frasnian of western Australia (Playford and Dring, 1981).

# Genus Micrhystridium (Deflandre) Downie & Sarjeant, 1963 Micrhystridium coronatum Stockmans & Williere, 1963

### Plate 10, Fig. 7

Remarks: This species is found in the Padeha formation of Kuh-e-Ozom. So far, it has been recorded from Upper Devonian sediments of Indiana in the U.S.A. (Wicander & Loeblich, 1977).

# Genus Multiplicisphaeridium (Staplin) Eisenack, 1969 Multiplicisphaeridium amitum Wicander and Loeblich, 1977

### Plate 10, Figs.8-9

Remarks: This species is confined to the upper part of member "b" of the Padeha formation. So far, it has been recorded from Upper Devonian Indiana of the U.S.A. (Wicander & Loeblich, 1977).

# Multiplicisphaeridium ampliatum Playford, 1977 Plate 10, Figs. 10-11

Remarks: This species is found, only in one sample of the Padeha formation. So far, it has been recorded form Lower Emsian of Canada (Playford, 1977).

# Multiplicisphaeridium ramusculosum (Deflandre) Lister, 1970 Plate 10, Fig. 12

Remarks: This species occurs in the Padeha formation. So far, it has been reported from Late Ordovician-Devonian strata (Lister, 1970; Cramer, 1971), Frasnian of Canada (Staplin, 1961), Frasnian of western Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981), Upper Devonian of lowa in the U.S.A. (Wicander & Playford, 1985), Ordovician-Silurian strata of Zagros Basin (Ghavidel-syooki, 1990).

# Genus Navifusa Combaz Lange & Pansart, 1967 Navifusa exilis Playford, 1981

### Plate 10, Fig. 13

Refmarks: This species is found in the Padeha formation of Kuh-e-Ozom. So far, it has been recorded from Frasnian of western Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981), Frasnian of Zagros Basin (Ghavidel-syooki, 1988), Famennian of China (Goo, 1986), Geirud formation of Hassanakdar area (Ghavidel-syooki, 1992), and the Devonian rock units of the Khoshyeilagh area (Ghavidel-syooki, 1992).

# Genus Papulogobata Playford, 1981 Papulogobata annulata Playford, 1981

### Plate 11, Fig. 2

Remarks: This species is found in the Geirud formation. So far, it has known from Frasnian strata of western Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981; Playford, 1981), and southeastern Iran (Ghavidel-syooki, 1988).

# Genus Polyedryxium (Deunff) ex. Deunff, 1961 Polyedryxium decorum Deunff, 1955

### Plate 11, Fig. 5

Occurrence: This species is common in both sections of the Faraghan formation.

Age: Middle-Upper Devonian (Wicander, 1983).

# Genus *Priscotheca* Deunff, 1961 *Priscotheca raia* Deunff, 1961

### Plate 11, Fig. 8

Remarks: This species is common in the Lashkarak formation. So far, it has been known from Tremadocian of Zagros Basin (Ghavidel-syooki, in press), and Tremadocian of Algerian Sahara (Deunff, 1961).

# Priscotheca tumida Deunff, 1961

### Plate 11, Fig. 9

Remarks: This acritarch species is found in the Lashkarak formation of Hassanakdar area. So far, it has been recorded from Lower Ordovician of Zagros Basin (Ghavidel-syooki, 1990, 1992), and Tremadocian of Algerian Sahara (Combaz, 1967).

# Genus *Saharidia* Combaz, 1967 *Saharidia downiei* Combaz, 1967

Plate 12, Figs. 9-10.

Remarks: This species is confined to the Lashkarak formation. So far, it has known from Tremadocian strata of Algerian Sahara (Combaz, 1967).

### Saharidia lusca Playford, 1981

Plate 12, Figs. 11-12

Remarks: This species appears and disappears in the Geirud formation. So far, it has been recorded from Frasnian of Western Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981).

# Genus Somphophragma Playford, 1981 Somphophragma miscellum Playford, 1981

Plate 18, Fig. 4

Occurrence: This species is very rare in the Faraghan formation and it confined to the upper portion of the Devonian portion of section two.

Age: The Frasnian of Western Australia (Playford and Dring, 1981).

# Genus Stellinium Jardine et al., 1972 Stellinium comptum Wicander & Loeblich Jr., 1977

Plate 13, Figs. 5-6.

Remarks: This taxon is found in the Geirud formation. So far, it has been known from Upper Devonian of the U.S.A. (Wicander & Loeblich, 1977), Givetian of Ohio in the U.S.A. (Wicander & Wood, 1981), Upper Frasnian lowa of the U.S.A (Wicander & Playford, 1985), Famennian of Belgium (Martin, 1981), Upper Devonian of China (Wicander & Luli-Chang, 1988), Givetian-Frasnian of Argentina (Barreda, 1986), and Upper Devonian of northern Iran (Ghavidel-syooki, 1991).

# Stellinium octoaster (Staplin) Jardine et al, 1972 Plate 13, Figs. 7-8.

Remarks: This species is common in the Geirud formation. So far, it has been known from late Devonian of Russia (Sheshengova, 1971), Famennian strata of the U.S.A. (Wicander, 1974), Late Frasnian-Early Famennian of Belgium (Stockmans & Williere 1969, 1974), Late Devonian of Australia (Playford, 1976), Late Frasnian-Early Famennian of the U.S.A (wicander & Loeblich, 1977), Lower-Middle Devonian of Canada (Playford, 1977), Givetian-Frasnian of Argentina (Barreda, 1986), Late Devonian of Canada (Staplin, 1961), Early Devonian of France (Moreau-Bonoit, 1974), Midle-Upper Devonian of Germany (Reigel, 1974), Late Devonian-Early Carboniferous of France (Combaz & Streel, 1970), Lower-Upper Devonian of Algeria (Jardine & Vapaudjian, 1968; Jardine, Combaz, Magloire, Peniguel and Vachey, 1972, 1974; Lanzoni & Magloire 1969), Lower-Upper Devonian of Ghana (Anan-Syorke, 1974), Late Devonian of Brazila (Daemon, 1974), and Givetian-Frasnian of northern Iran (Kimyai, 1979).

# Stellinium micropolygonale (Stockmans & Williere) Playford, 1977 Plate 13, Fig. 9

Occurrence: This species is very rare and confined to upper portion of the Devonian part of The Faraghan farmation.

Age: Early-Upper Devonian of Canada (Playford 1977; Playford & Dring, 1981).

# Stellinium protubetrum Wicander & Loeblich Jr., 1977 Plate 13, Fig. 10

Remarks: this species appears in the Padeha formation and continues to the Khoshyeilagh formation of the study area. So far, it has been known from Upper Devonian of Indiana, U.S.A (Wicander & Loeblich, 1977).

## Genus Synsphaeridium Eisenack, 1965 Synsphaeridium catenarium Playford, 1981

#### Plate 14, Fig. 2

Remarks: this species is common in the Padeha formation of study area. So far, it has been recorded from Early Frasnian of western Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981).

# Genus Tunisphaeridium Deunff & Evitt, 1968 Tunisphaeridium flaccidum Playford, 1981

#### Plate 14, Fig. 3

Remarks: This species is found in the Geirud formation. So far, it has been recorded from Early Frasnian of western Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981).

# Genus *Tyligmasoma* Playford, 1977 *Tyligmasoma* sp.

# Plate 14,Fig. 4

Remarks: This species exists in the Geirud formation. The morphotype is triangular shape with three veryhachid-appendages which are lighter than the body. This species is rare in the sedimentary samples of Geirud formation.

### Genus *Unellium* Rauscher, 1969 *Unellium winslowae* Rauscher, 1969

### Plate 14, Fig. 7

Remarks: This species is found in the Geirud formation. So far, it has been known from Middle-Upper Devonian of France (Rauscher 1969), Lower Frasnian of western Australia (Playford & Dring 1981), Upper Devonian of the U.S.A (Wicander & Playford, 1985), Upper Devonian of northern Iran (Ghavidel-syooki, 1991).

# Genus *Unellium* Rauscher, 1969 *Unellium piriforme* Rauscher, 1969

### Plate 14, Fig. 6

Remarks: This species occurs in both Devonian rock units of Kuh-e-Ozom. So far, it has been recorded from Middle-Late Devonian of France (Rauscher, 1969), Late Famennian of Belgium (Stockmans & Williere, 1974), and Khoshyeilagh formation of northern Shahrud city (Ghavidel-syooki, 1991).

# Genus Veryhachium Deunff ex. Downie,1959 Veryhachium colemanii Playford, 1981

### Plate 15, Fig. 2

Remarks: This species is present in the Geirud formation. So far, it has been known from Frasnian of western Australia (Playford & Dring, 1981), and lower Carboniferous strata of China (Lianda, 1985).

### Veryhachium downiei Stockmans & Willierei, 1962

### Plate 15, Figs. 3-4

Remarks: This species is found in the Geirud formation but it has been recorded from Silurian-Carboniferous strata elsewhere.

# Veryhachium trispinosum (Eisenack & Deunff) Playford, 1981 Plate 15, Figs. 14-16

Remarks: This morphotype species is found in the Geirud formation. So far, it has been known from Upper Devonian of northern Iran (Coquel et al., 1977), Givetian-Famennian of the U.S.A. (Wicander, 1983), Upper Devonian Iowa of the U.S.A. (Wicander & Playford, 1985), and Devonian strata of south-eastern Iran (Ghavidel-syooki, 1988).

# Genus Veryhachium (Deunff) Downie,1959 Veryhachium europeum Stockmans & Williere, 1960

### Plate 15, Figs. 5-7

Remarks: The specimens of this species is common in the Padeha formation of the study areas. So far, it has been recorded by many palynologists from the Silurian through the Devonian Periods.

### Veryhachium lairdii (Deflandre) Deunff, 1959 Plate 15, Figs. 8-9

Remarks: This morphotype species occurs in the Padeha formation of the study areas. This species is long-ranging form which has been recorded from the Ordovican through the Devonian strata.

# Veryhachium pannuceum Wicander & Loeblich, 1977

### Plate 15, Figs. 10-12

Remarks: This species is found very rare in Devonian rock units of Kuh-e-Ozom. So far, it has been recorded from Upper Devonian of Indiana, in the U.S.A. (Wicander & Loeblich Jr., 1977).

### Veryhachium riburgense Brosius and Bitterli, 1961

### Plate 15, Fig. 13

- Description: The specimens are in agreement with those reported from the Permian of West-Pakistan (Sarjeant, 1970, Plate 1, Figs. 18-19, P. 285).
- Occurrence: This species is very rare (two specimens) and it appears in one sample of the Faraghan formation in the Chal-i-Sheh area. In this study, acritarchs were not observed in the sections of the Faraghan formation, in Tang-e-Zakin of Kuh-e-Faraghan.
- Age: The Permian of Britain (Wall and Downie, 1962) and the Permian of West Pakistan (Sarjeant, 1970).

# Genus Vulcanisphaera Deunff, 1961 Vulcanisphaera africana Deunff, 1961

#### Plate 15, Fig. 17

Remarks: This species is confined to the Lashkarak Foramtion. So far, it has been known from Tremadocian of England (Rasul, 1976), Tremadocian of Algerian Sahara (Downie, 1958; Deunff, 1961; Combaz, 1967), Tremadocian of Belgium (Martin, 1968), Tremadocian of Poland (Gorka, 1967), and Tremadocian of Zagros Basin (Ghavidel-syooki, 1990).

## Vulcanisphaera nebulosa Deunff, 1961

### Plate 15, Fig. 18

Remarks: This morphotype species is found in the Lashkarak formation. So far, it has been recorded from Tremadocian of Algerian Sahara (Deunff, 1961,1964) and Tremadocian of Zagros Basin (Ghavidel-syooki,1990).

# Alphabetical arrangement and worldwide records of Spore taxa

# Genus Acinosporites Richardson, 1965 Acinosporites salopiensis Richardson & Lister, 1969

### Plate 1, Fig. 7

Remarks: This spore taxon is found in the Geirud formation of Hassanakdar area and it is very rare in the term of relative frequency.

## Genus Ambitisporites Hoffmeister, 1959 Ambitisporites avitus Hoffmeister, 1959

### Plate 2, Fig. 5

Occurrence: This species is rare and occurs in four samples (MG-287 to MG-297) of section number two of The Faraghan farmation.

Age: From the Lower Devonian of the Welsh borderland (Edwards and Richardson, 1974), the Early Silurian-Lower Devonian of South Wales (Richardson and Lister, 1969), and the Silurian of Libya (Hoffmeister, 1959; Richardson and Ioannides, 1973).

# Genus Ancyrospora (Richardson) Richardson, 1962 Ancyrospora longispinosa Richardson, 1962

### Plate 2, Fig. 3

Remarks: This species is rare and is found in the Geirud formation of study area. So far, it has been known from Middle Devonian of England (Richardson, 1962, 1964), Middle Devonian of Canada (McGregor & Camfield, 1982), and Frasnian of Zagros Basin in Iran (Ghavidel-syooki, 1982, 1985, 1988).